

Implementing the New ACRL Framework

TRUE STORIES



from two
libraries



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Kim Pittman, University of Minnesota Duluth

New Framework

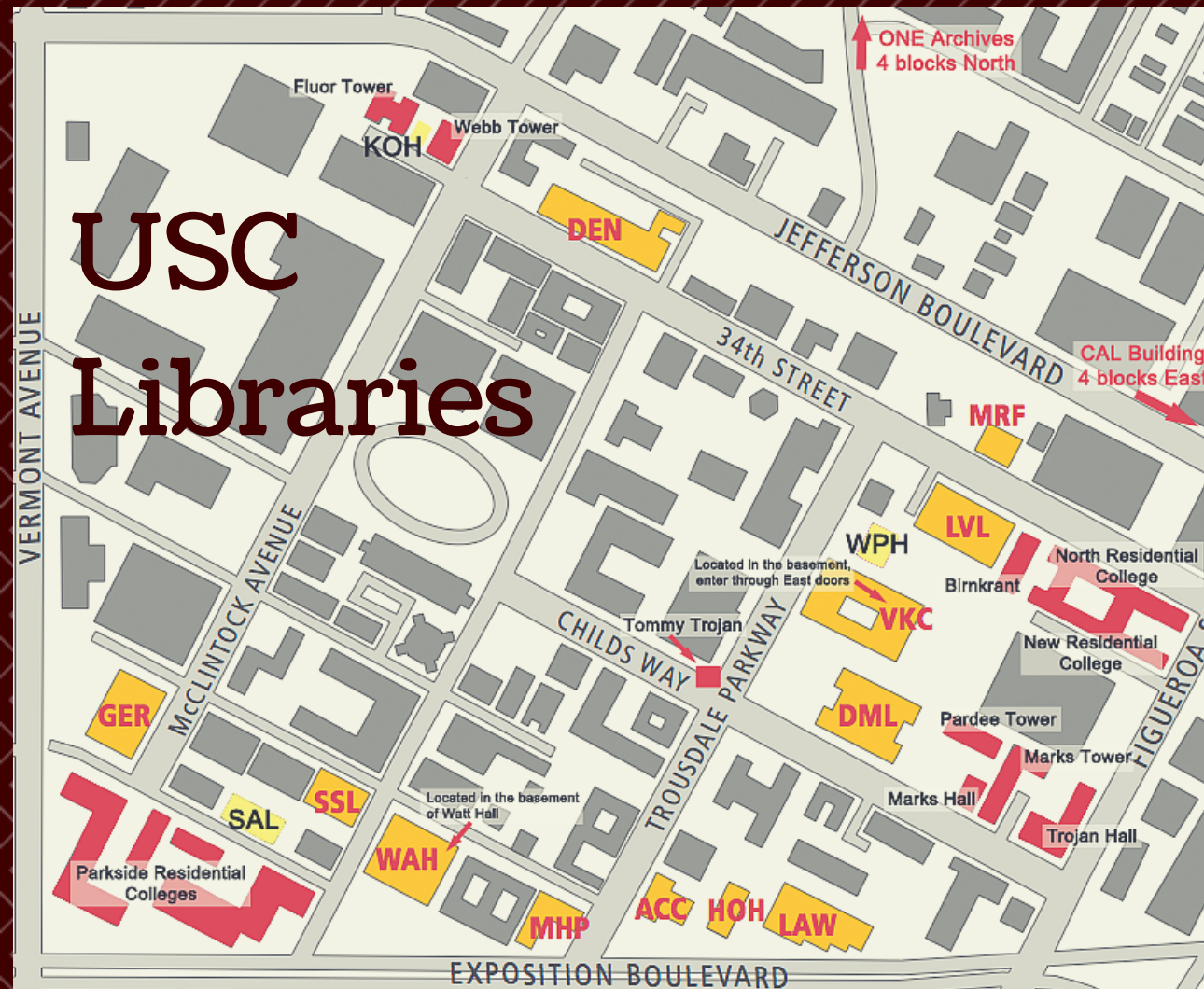


IMAGE: Will Everything Change? A Campaign for Our Library
<http://www.widgetsandstone.com/creative-post/will-everything-changed>

resources

<http://z.umn.edu/framework15>

USC Libraries



Private, non-religious, not-for-profit

19k Undergraduate Students,
24k Graduate Students

Library environment: highly dispersed, faculty with continuing appointment, organized by subject liaisons

“Tell us how you would go about designing and assessing an undergraduate information literacy curriculum for the USC Libraries, particularly in light of ACRL’s impending revisions to the IL Competency Standards.....”

UMD Kathryn A. Martin Library



Public

Part of the University of
Minnesota system

9k Undergraduate Students, 1k
Graduate Students

Library environment: teaching
responsibilities concentrated in
one small department,
professional and academic staff
without continuing
appointment, organized by
subject liaisons

IMAGE: Braden Doucette, "Full side view with blue sky"
<https://instagram.com/p/O5vWInKgBh/?taken-by=umdmartinlibrary>

example discussion questions

How will the Framework change the way you approach assessment?

How can we incorporate the Framework into our ongoing information literacy-related projects and strategic goals?

Reflect on a previous teaching situation that you would like to improve upon or adjust in the future. How could the Framework help you change or improve your approach to working with this particular class/assignment?

learning outcomes

Megan Oakleaf - - - Get inspired, find the big ideas, translate them into outcomes

Revision & Drafts
within the libraries

Authority is Constructed and Contextual

Authority of information depends on where the source came from, the information need, and how the information will be used. It is both constructed and contextual. Authority should be viewed with an attitude of informed skepticism and an openness to new perspectives, additional voices, and changes in schools of thought.

Outcomes

By the time undergraduate students graduate, they will be able to:

- ~~Articulate conceptions~~Identify markers of authority ~~within-recognized by~~ disciplines, professions, and other communities of knowledge and practice
- Acknowledge that they themselves may be seen as an authority in particular contexts
- Identify authoritative information sources based on ~~how-the-information-will-be used~~information need

Information Creation as a Process

Information can be found in different formats, which has an impact on how it is used and share. It refers to looking to the underlying processes of creation and final product to critically evaluate the usefulness of the information.

Outcomes

By the time undergraduate students graduate, they will be able to:

- Distinguish between format and method of access, understanding that these are separate entities
- Articulate the ~~attributes~~capabilities and constraints of various ~~formats-in-order to understand-how-information-is-perceived-differently-based on format~~processes of information creation
- Understand the audience, context, and purpose of various formats in order to select a source that best meets an information need~~Select a source that best meets an information need based on the audience, context, and purpose of various formats~~

USC learning outcomes examples

Recognize that intellectual property is a legal concept that is socially constructed according to different professions or other communities

Debate the ways privilege influences perception of authority

Demonstrate persistence, adaptability, and reflection as components of inquiry

mapping UMD learning outcomes to the framework

beginning / undergraduate
learning outcome

major / discipline-specific
learning outcome

graduate / advanced
learning outcome

Identifies multiple
perspectives on a
scholarly topic.

Maintains current
awareness
of topics of interest
within discipline.

Contributes new ideas
and perspectives
to scholarly
conversation through
publication, thesis, or
presentation.

scholarship as a conversation

curriculum mapping: UMD

Art + Design: Courses w/ Research Component					
File Edit View Insert Format Data Tools Add-ons Help Last edit was made on April 17 by Jason Ellis					
\$ % .0_ .00 123 Arial 10 B I U A Fill Color Background Color Border Line Style Font Size Color Paragraph Alignment Bulleted List Numbered List Decrease Indent Increase Indent Link Unlink Print Screen Maximize Window Close					
f_x	Program	A	B	C	D
1	Program		Required (R) Elective (E)	Course	Keyword "Research" in Course Description or Previous Work with a Librarian (indicated with an "" directly before the designator prefix)
2					
3	Art B.A.				
4			R	ART 4812 - Senior Seminar	Current visual arts and design issues investigated through research, lectures, assigned readings, discussion, writing assignments, and presentations.
5			E	ART 4016- Digital Arts: Advanced Projects	Advanced Digital Arts Studio for students interested in exploring interdisciplinary or advanced projects using current or emerging technologies. Students develop self-directed focus and creative project goals. Advanced projects may concentrate on mixed-media print, time-based media, interactive media, installation art, or collaborative art formats. Students hone a body of digital artwork through research experimentation and critique. Laptop required.
6			E	ART 4391 - Individual Study in Printmaking	Graduate students complete a project by contract with instructor, supported by a research paper.
7			E	ART 4600 - Photography: Digital Portfolio	Intensive digitally-based portfolio development in area of special interest. Selected readings in photographic theory and criticism. Graduate student portfolios are complemented by a related research project. Requires digital camera with adjustable shutter speeds and apertures. Laptop and software required; instruction presented only on the Mac OS.
8			E	ART 4675 - Photography: The Photographic Book	Creation of one or more individual photographic book projects, with emphasis on effective sequencing of images and appropriate book form for the specific body of work. Selected readings in book arts relating to photography. Graduate student book projects are complemented by a related research project. Requires digital camera with adjustable shutter speeds and apertures. Laptop required; instruction presented only on the MacOS.

Art & Design curriculum map

curriculum mapping: UMD

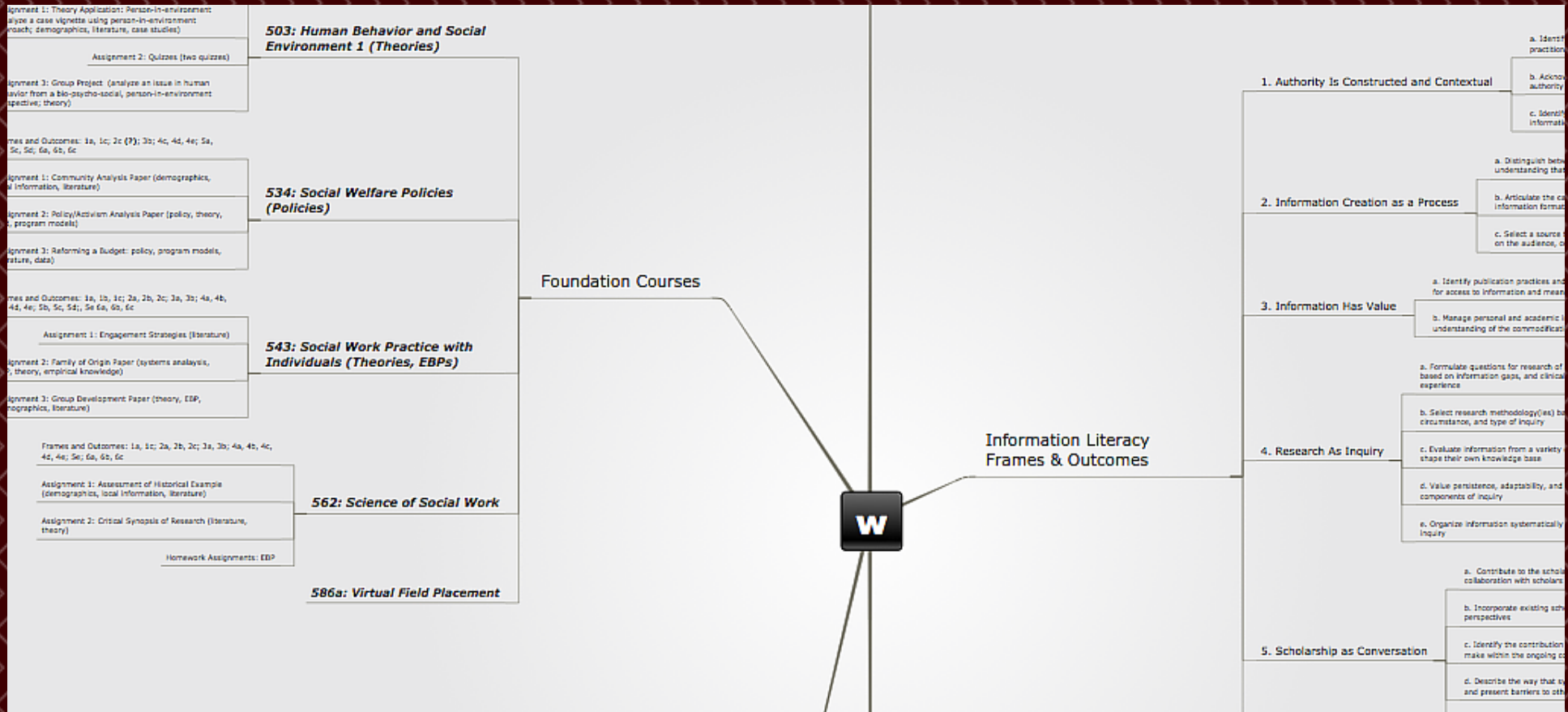
What are the specialized information skills students should develop within their major / discipline?

What are our shared learning goals?

How can we reach the most students?



curriculum mapping: USC



Part of the Social Work Core Courses Map

curriculum mapping: USC

Maps vary by program & librarian but contain required courses, electives, student organizations, faculty research interests

How can we leverage library and department interactions strategically to teach information literacy, support research, and assess information literacy skills?

<http://libguides.usc.edu/cmmaps>

implementation at USC

Why first year writing and GE seminars?

<http://libguides.usc.edu/writinst>

<http://libguides.usc.edu/ge>



implementation at UMD

Redesigned first-year writing
information literacy sequence,
created collaboratively with faculty

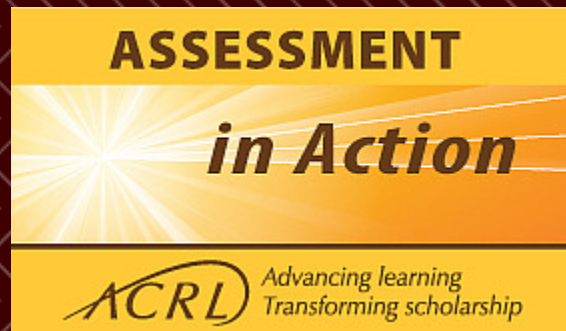
Flipped classroom approach,
focusing on Research as Inquiry &
Searching as Strategic Exploration
frames

assessment at USC

Quantitative analysis using student generated artifacts

What is your research topic?	What is the research question you're seeking to answer?	List 3-5 possible search terms you might use to find articles	Stop	Choose to search in either QuickSearch, a more specific database, like Proquest Research Library. Record your choice here.	Find a source that you would consider using in your research paper Copy and paste the MLA citation below.	Is this a scholarly source? Why or why not?
advertisements and their influence on our perception of ideal lifestyles	How does advertisements use aesthetics to sell idealized lifestyles? How does selling those lifestyles as the ideal affect social interactions?	advertisements, lifestyles, social interaction, aesthetics, ideal/perfect, disappointment, consumer culture, models		ProQuest Research Library	Luyt, R. "Representation of Masculinities and Race in South African Television Advertising: A Content Analysis." Journal of Gender Studies 21.1 (2012): 35-60. ProQuest. Web. 16 Apr. 2015.	yes, because it is published in a journal
Takashi Murakami/Superflat movement	Does Murakami's artwork comment on Japanese society and consumer culture and if so, what are the implications of that?	Takashi Murakami, Superflat Movement, Murakami and consumer culture		ProQuest Research Library	Darling, Michael. "Plumbir	Yes, because I narrowed search to scholarly journals
Gay pride symbols as a means of social change	Where do the symbols of gay pride and gay rights come from and how do they promote empowerment and enact change?	gay pride, gay rights, origins of pride flag, rainbow flag		Proquest Research Library	Smith, C. M. (2006). Behind the rainbow. The Gay & Lesbian Review Worldwide, 13(5), 49.	Yes, comes from a scholarly journal
role of art in society	What is art?	definition of art, unorthodox art, successful political campaigns, purpose of art		Proquest Research Library	Kemp, M. (2004). A fluid definition of art. Nature, 429(6991), 506. Retrieved from http://search.proquest.com/docview/204524783?accountid=14749 Sato, Arika. "The	Yes, I narrowed the search in proquest and it comes from a journal

assessment at UMD



What is the impact of expanded librarian involvement in first-year writing courses on student persistence in the research process?

Don't Panic: Take-aways



1) Initiate conversations

2) Start small with a
friendly group

3) Build in assessment

small group activity

- Break into groups of 3-5
- Discuss how you would approach the scenario provided to your group



questions?

bibliography

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